

"FIGHTERS" WILL PRACTICE DRILLS

Rangers and Indians Will Engage in Maneuvers Before Tipton Island Celebration.

RED MEN ORDER COSTUMES

Fourth of July Event Will be Big Advertisement for Seymour—Many Visitors to Attend.

Splendid progress has been made during the past few days in completing plans for the Tipton Island celebration at Indian Mound, July 4th, and an increasing amount of interest is shown in the event each day. Many inquiries have been made about the character of the celebration, when it will be held and other facts pertaining to it, and many persons from all parts of the state will attend. A cordial invitation is given to all persons and everything will be done to afford accommodations and to make the day as pleasant as possible.

The members of the Improved Order of Red Men, who take the part of the Indians, have ordered their uniforms and these will be here in plenty of time. The Seymour battalion is getting everything in good shape for its part of the program and the men, who will take the part of the Indians and rangers, will have their first practice next week. Practice drills will be held from time to time in this city and on the Sunday before the celebration, the fighters will have a practice skirmish at Indian Mound. At that time each side will occupy its own territory and the fight will be held the same as on the day of the celebration. In the practice, however, no ammunition will be used. The guns, which have been ordered from a St. Louis house, will be here several days before the celebration, so that the soldiers will have an opportunity to become familiar with them.

The officers of the battalion will have a school instruction next week, when the plans for the conflict will be fully discussed. Each officer will have a part to perform and much will depend upon their work.

The girls and boys, who will equip themselves with Indian costumes, are welcome to take part in the celebration of the Indian play, "Hiawatha," which will be given July 4th at the mound. This will be one of the principal features of the celebration. The children, who intend to take part in the play, are asked to report to Miss Maude Wagner at the city park at 9:30 o'clock Wednesday morning for dress rehearsal. At that time instructions will be given by Miss Wagner, who has charge of the play. All that is required is that the children have their own uniforms, which may be purchased at any of the clothing stores at a nominal price, and bows and arrows. In case of rain, the children will meet at the High School building instead of at the park.

General John Tipton was one of the prominent pioneers of Jackson county and also held an important place in the settlement and advancement of various parts of this state. It is a time when the people of this

county and adjoining counties may join in a celebration in honor of the noted Indian fighter.

The celebration will be one of the most unique ever held in Jackson county and aside from its entertaining features, it will be quite an advertisement for this city. Already much publicity has been given the event in the state papers and it is probable that one or more moving picture companies will take a reel of pictures of the fight and these will be shown throughout the United States.

"MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM" GIVEN AT H. S. GYMNASIUM

This Change Made After the Rain This Afternoon—Will Begin at 8:15 O'clock.

It was announced this afternoon that because of the rain the play, "Midsummer Night's Dream" will be presented at the high school instead of at the city park as originally planned. Those in charge of the play came to this decision after the shower, although everything was in readiness at the park.

The play will be given under the supervision of Miss Maude Wagner, of the Catha Woodland Players, for the benefit of the school. The principal characters will be taken by the high school pupils, although a number of the grade pupils have parts. The members of the cast have their parts well and an excellent performance is promised. The play will begin at 8:15 o'clock.

CHAUTAUQUA ENTERTAINERS. S. W. GILLILAN.

Strickland W. Gillilan, the noted lecturer, who will appear on the platform during the local chautauqua, has been given many press comments of a high character.

The following, taken from the Alpena News, Alpena, Michigan, is one of the many:

Mr. Strickland W. Gillilan, the noted humorist, appeared at the Maltz theatre last night, November 7th, in the second number of the lecture course given by the Christian Endeavor society of the Congregational church. The entertainment consisted of a lecture bristling with wit, wisdom, pathos and philosophy, dealing principally with the sunshine and shadows of home life, in which role, Mr. Gillilan sustained his reputation as one of America's most popular humorists of the present time. Much was expected of Mr. Gillilan, because of his high reputation, which often leads to disappointment. But there was no disappointment in this case.

From what we have read of the great American humorists of the past fifty years, Mr. Gillilan's style is a second edition of that of "Artemus Ward." While the things he said were inspiring and wholesome, the novelty is in his manner of presenting his ideas. Such a lecture does more real good than the most eloquent sermon.—Alpena News, Alpena, Mich., Nov. 8, 1910.

Leg Broken.

O. S. Guernsey, an employe of the Seymour Wood Working Company, fell at the factory Monday afternoon and broke his right leg near the hip. He was washed down an incline and slipped, striking his leg on a projecting board. He was taken to the City Hospital where he was given proper attention and is resting well today.

J. RUFUS CLARK IS KNOWN BY NUMBER

Taken to State Prison to Begin Life Sentence For Alleged Murder of McQuaid Brothers.

LEFT JAIL IN GOOD SPIRITS

Handcuffed to Another Prisoner Who Was Sentenced to Colony of Criminal Insane.

J. Rufus Clark of North Vernon entered the Indiana state prison at Michigan City Monday and unless he is pardoned or paroled, he is doomed to spend the rest of his life in that institution. The prisoner was taken there to begin his long sentence as punishment meted out by the jury composed of twelve Shelby County citizens, who found him guilty of the murder of Charles and John McQuaid, bachelor brothers, at their home near North Vernon, October 7 last. Clark was taken to Michigan City by Sheriff Burns of Bartholomew County and John Seele, former marshal of Jonesville. When he left Columbus, he seemed to be in good spirits.

Walter Temple, another prisoner who was sentenced to the state prison from Bartholomew County, was taken to Michigan City with Clark. Both men had been in jail together for some time and have become friends. It was not publicly announced that they were to start on their trip and few people knew when they departed. Just before they boarded the car, the two prisoners enjoyed a hearty laugh over a joke related by one of them. Temple was sentenced to the colony of criminal insane and must stay there at least six months before he can be released. The men were handcuffed together.

Temple was arrested before Clark's trial began and it was his suit of clothes that Clark wore during the trial. When Temple was tried, he wore the same suit of brown clothes and was sentenced. Persons around the court house declare that the suit was a hoodoo, because it was worn by both men when sentenced.

James Tyler, the third defendant, who was found guilty of the McQuaid murder and sentenced from two to twenty-one years in the state prison, is still in Jennings county and will be taken to prison in a few days. After a prisoner is sentenced to the penitentiary, several days are generally allowed him to settle up his business affairs and to receive visitors before he begins his term. When Tyler arrives at the penitentiary the three men, who were arrested for the McQuaid murder, Henry Romine, Clark and Tyler, will be serving sentences in the same institution.

Midsummer Night's Dream.

The play at the high school this evening will be open to everybody, both adults and children. Admission 50 cents for reserved seats; 35 cents for seats not reserved. Tickets will be for sale at the school. All are invited.

If it's for the auto, we have it. McCoy-Thompson Garage. a21d&wtf

Seymour Business College Phone 403

BRIDGE CONTRACTS WERE NOT AWARDED

Commissioners Decide That All Bids Were Too High or Were not Prepared Properly.

SESSION HAS NOT ADJOURNED

Five Petitions for Gravel Roads, Filed Some Time Ago, Are Taken Up This Term.

Because of the large volume of business before the county commissioners this term they had not completed their work this afternoon and will probably not adjourn until Thursday or Friday. Considerable business relative to road and bridge repairs came before the commissioners and this required much time.

It was expected that the contracts for several bridges would be awarded at this term and the bids were advertised for, but all of them were rejected because they were too high or because they were not prepared in proper shape. This will delay the repairing of several bridges in the county as it will be the next term before the contracts can be awarded.

In the meantime the commissioners will make a personal inspection of the bridges needing repairs and with the county engineer will report just how the work should be done and how the bids should be prepared. The commissioners will inspect the bridges before they adjourn this term.

Five petitions for gravel roads, which had been filed previous to the present session, were brought to the attention of the commissioners. Some of the petitions have been on file for six years, but were never acted upon. W. L. Kasting, of this city, was granted a license to sell intoxicating liquors at wholesale.

The claims were allowed and other minor matters of business transacted.

The county board of review is in session for thirty days. This board will hear all objections to the manner in which property was taxed. Persons losing property in the flood and desiring to obtain a rebate are required to file their sworn statements with the auditor and the board of review has no jurisdiction in such cases.

The class of 1913 will have a stand at the city park this afternoon where they will sell ice cream cones, home made candy, pop corn and lemonade. Your patronage solicited.

Notice.

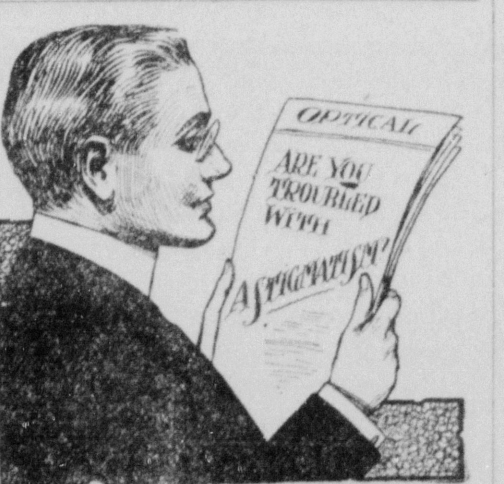
The children of the Christian Sunday School, who have parts in the Children's Day program will meet Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the church for practice.

Notice.

All parties interested in the oiling of the streets are requested to attend the meeting to be held in the city hall this evening at 7:30 o'clock. Committee.

LIVE WIRE SOCIAL CLUB

Will give their last dance at Society hall, Thursday evening, June 5. Everybody welcome. Admission 50 cents. Ladies free. j2-4d



Astigmatism is a form of eye-trouble that it becoming very common. At the first symptom of weak eyesight one should consult an optician. We make examinations, give advice, and select the right lenses to suit all sights, so as to give back perfect vision. Ask your friends who have been to us about the treatment they have had here. They are sure to praise our methods.

GEO. F. KAMMAN OPTOMETRIST With T. M. Jackson, Jeweler

95 DEGREES WAS HIGHEST TEMPERATURE LAST MONTH

Frost and Thunder Storms Reported in Monthly Statement of Local Weather Observer.

The maximum temperature of last month was four degrees higher than of the corresponding month last year, according to the report of J. Thomas Hays, meteorological observer for Seymour. The report has just been completed and will be filed in the office of the weather bureau at Indianapolis for future reference. The highest temperature in May this year was 95 degree recorded on the 30th, while the maximum temperature in May 1912 was 91 degrees recorded on the 23rd. The minimum temperature last month was 33 degrees on the 11th and 12th. Last year the lowest temperature for May was 39 degrees on the 13th. The mean temperature was 65.9 last month against 66.9 for the same month 1912.

During the past month 1.6 inches rainfall were registered. 4.27 inches were recorded last year. Thirteen clear days, twelve partly cloudy and six cloudy were reported last month. In May 1912 there were five clear days, twenty-three partly cloudy and three cloudy days. The greatest range in May 1912 was 35 degrees on the 2nd and 10th and the least range in temperature was 12 degrees on 12th and 16th. Last month the greatest range was 45 degrees on the 1st and 12th and the least was 12 degrees recorded on the 23rd. Frost was reported on 11th and 12th and thunder storms on 20th and 26th last month.

LOCAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH ARRANGING HOME COMING

All Day Meeting Will Be Held at City Park Sunday, June 29. —Former Members Invited.

The local Christian church is making arrangements for a Home Coming and all day meeting Sunday, June 29 at the city park. All members who formerly belonged to the congregation but have moved from the city will be notified of the meeting and urged to attend. A number have already heard of the Home Coming and have sent word that they will be here on that day.

Rev. W. H. Book, pastor of the Christian church at Columbus, will deliver an address. At the noon hour a basket dinner will be served and an effort will be made to arrange a pleasant day for old friends who are present. All the Sunday Schools of the Christian church in the county will be invited to join in the meeting.

Salt Creek S. S. Convention.

The Salt Creek Township Sunday School convention was held at the Christian church at Houston last Sunday. An all day program was arranged and dinner was served in the church. There was a large crowd present and a number of excellent addresses were made. Among those who were on the program were Rev. Mr. Rust and Rev. Mr. Rose of Free-town, Rev. Mr. Buchanan of Odon, Supt. J. A. Linke of Seymour and Miss Ida Deany. This has been a successful year's work in Salt Creek Township. New officers were elected for the coming year, as follows:

J. B. Cross, president. Cyrus Mann, vice president. William Winkler, treasurer.

J. B. Cross was elected a delegate from the township to attend the State Sunday School Convention at Evansville, June 17-19.

VOCATIONAL LAW GIVEN ATTENTION

This is Subject Discussed at Conference on Agriculture and Country Life in Indiana.

INTEREST IN COUNTY AGENTS

S. W. Jordan, of Sedalia, "Corn King" of Missouri, Tells What Can be Accomplished.

Indianapolis, June 3—The opening here today of Indiana's first vocational conference brings into prominence the new Indiana vocational law, which provides for agricultural county agents, agricultural experts who shall assist the county superintendent and teachers in practical agricultural and domestic science work in the schools, co-operate with the farmers at their institutes and meetings, conduct practical farm demonstration work, assist farmers and boys and girls in their work, and otherwise bring into the county's agricultural and home life new movements for the advancement of agriculture and country life.

In short, this agent is to be a county expert in agriculture and country life, and is to bring to the farmers and their families those things taught by agricultural colleges and experiment stations, such as Purdue. The colleges have been turning out experts at public expense a long time, but this is the first effort made to bring that expert knowledge directly to the people on the farms and to see if it is really worth the money.

Because of this provision of the law and the large number of applications already filed for county agents, particular interest is centering in the address to be given at tonight's meeting by S. W. Jordan, of Sedalia, who is "agent" in Pettis county, Missouri, and who is credited with having raised his district so materially in corn production by bringing home to the real farmers the new ideas, that he is known as the "Missouri corn king." It is thought his address will bring out strongly the value of agricultural vocational education. Dr. Albert R. Storms, of the Central Avenue Methodist church, is also on the program tonight, to talk on "The Church as a Factor in Country Life."

President Stone, of Purdue University, will continue tomorrow morning the discussion of vocational education for country people. He is to talk broadly on "Vocational Education," but his talk will deal largely with the provisions of the new Indiana law which opens the way for a complete reorganization of the schools in the country districts so that the agricultural and home arts will be prominent in the curriculum.

The meeting was arranged by the Indiana Bankers' Association. Many prominent workers have been secured for address. Howard H. Gross, of Chicago, president of the National Soil Fertility League, Mrs. Virginia C. Meredith, of Cambridge City, and others will give addresses.

WANTED—Strawberries. Seymour Ice Cream Co. Phone 143.

Loertz wants to be your Druggist.

PARIS GREEN 35 cents pound H.H. CARTER SUCCESSOR The Andrews Drug Store

HOADLEY'S 117-119 S. Chestnut St. Big Line of SHOES at Right Prices See Window For Samples Phone 26. HOADLEY'S

DREAMLAND No. 1—"AS FATE WILLS" (Frontier Far Western Drama) No. 2—"GOING FOR FATHER" and "THE OCTOPUS" (Eclair Comedy Zoology) No. 3—"TWO LIVES" Victor Drama "WAR! WAR! WAR!" (3 Reel Bison Thursday) SPECIALS Sleeve Aprons 50c.....45c House Dresses \$1.00.....85c House Dresses \$1.25.....\$1.00 Dressing Sacque \$1.00.....85c Seymour Tailors Phone 317R. 3rd & Chestnut Sts.

GEO. F. KAMMAN OPTOMETRIST With T. M. Jackson, Jeweler

IT IS THE SAFEST FIRE INSURANCE POLICY The fire insurance you secure here is the safest procurable, for EVERYONE of our companies is strong, safe, reliable, conservatively managed and amply financed. Look into your insurance matter today—see if you don't need some additional protection and if your company or companies are of a satisfactory nature. HARRY FINDLEY Over Loertz Drug Store.

MAJESTIC THEATER Deveraux & Prinn "THAT SINGING DUO" —Introducing— Harmony Singing and Good Clean Comedy (A) "THE HIGH TIDE OF MISFORTUNE" Drama (Edison) (Edison) (B) "OMENS OF ORACLES" Com. (Vitaphone) (C) "BELLE BOYD" (Confederate Spy) War Drama (Selig) Prices, Lower Floor 10c. Balcony 5c. Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p. m. 50c in gold given away Friday night

NOT MUCH DOING IN WAY OF LOBBY

Committee's Inquiry Discloses
No "Insidious" Influence.

SENATORS SHOW CLEAN BILLS

If the investigation of the President's Charges That a Numerous and Dangerous Lobby Is Fighting the Tariff Program Is to Be Taken Seriously, the Evidence Must Come at Later Sessions of the Committee.

Washington, June 3.—Without yielding any confirmatory results, the senate investigation into the lobby against the tariff bill, which President Wilson characterized as "numerous, industrious and insidious," has got under way. Fourteen senators of all shades of political opinion were examined in alphabetical order in the course of the first day's proceedings, but not one of them testified to having been subjected to improper or illegal pressure on the part of a lobby. On this point, regardless of party affiliations, all the senators were in agreement. Not one had been "approached" or offered a bribe, not one had been threatened with political extinction, and to none of them had the suggestion been made of political preferment for favorable action or political reprisal for unfavorable votes upon the tariff schedules.

President Wilson, when he gave out his statement charging a lobby was operating against the Underwood bill, made it plain that he did not charge the existence of corruption, but merely the misrepresentation of facts through a persistent campaign and a reckless expenditure of money.

Little support was found even for this limited condemnation by the president in the testimony given by some of the Democratic senators, and it is apparent that there will have to be some stronger developments at further sessions of the inquiry if the investigation is to be taken seriously.

NO ANSWER FROM JAPANESE

But Ambassador Expects to Have Communication in a Few Days.

Washington, June 3.—Viscount Chinda, the Japanese ambassador, called on Secretary of State Bryan and discussed with him the situation with regard to the negotiations over the California alien land laws. The ambassador did not, however, present the reply of his government in reply to the Bryan note of two weeks ago answering the Japanese protest against the California law. The ambassador indicated that he expected to have a communication from his government to present to Mr. Bryan in a few days. It was said by both the ambassador and Mr. Bryan that there was nothing new in the situation as a result of their talk.

Comiskey Wants Cobb

Chicago, June 3.—The trade that landed Hal Chase for the White Sox in exchange is part of a three-cornered deal which will bring Ty Cobb to Chicago, according to report. It is declared that now that Comiskey has Chase to offer for Cobb, the swap is only a matter of carrying out the details.

THE GREAT NATIONAL GAME

Here Are the Current Scores in the Three Big Leagues.

National League.									
W. L. Pet.					W. L. Pet.				
Phila.	23	11	676	Pitts.	20	20	500		
Brook.	22	15	595	St. L.	18	24	429		
N. Y.	21	16	568	Boston	15	21	417		
Chi.	20	19	513	Cin.	15	27	359		
At Pittsburgh—					R.H.E.				
Boston	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	4	9
Pittsburgh	0	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	7
James, Strand and Whaling; Hendrix and Simon.									
At Philadelphia—					R.H.E.				
Brooklyn	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Philadelphia	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6
Ragon, Wagner and Miller and Erwin; Seaton and Killifer.									
American League.									
W. L. Pet.					W. L. Pet.				
Phila.	29	10	744	Boston	18	22	550		
Cleve.	29	14	674	St. L.	19	29	396		
Chi.	25	18	581	Detroit	18	27	391		
Wash.	22	18	550	N. Y.	9	30	231		
At Washington—					R.H.E.				
Philadelphia	3	2	0	0	0	0	4	9	15
Washington	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	4
Brown, Bush and Bender and Lapp; Mullin, Boehling, Engle and Henry.									
Second Game—					R.H.E.				
Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	4
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
Honck, Brown and Lapp; Johnson and Almsmith.									
At New York—					R.H.E.				
Boston	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
Leonard, Bedient and Carrigan; Fischer and Sweeney.									
Second Game—					R.H.E.				
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	3
Boston	0	0	1	0	0	5	0	2	8
McConnell and Kepner and Grosset; Wood, Hall, Bedient and Cady and Carrigan.									
American Association.									
At Toledo, 0; Indianapolis, 3.									
At Columbus, 2; Louisville, 5.									
At St. Paul, 7; Minneapolis, 4.									
At Milwaukee, 3; Kansas City, 2.									

ADVANCEMENT OF RURAL LIFE

Object of Conference Now In Progress.

ATTRACTS MUCH ATTENTION

Widespread Interest Has Been Created in the Conference on Agriculture and Rural Life Being Held in Indianapolis, Because Indiana Is the First State in the Union to Undertake Unification Movement.

Indianapolis, June 3.—The state conference on agriculture and country life in Indiana, which began here today, has assumed national importance in the widespread attention it has attracted, for Indiana has been the first state in the Union to undertake to unify the forceful organizations which are working for the upbuilding of farm resources and for the advancement of rural life. Although the conference was called by the agricultural committee of the Indiana Bankers' association, which will meet the expenses of the meeting, fourteen other organizations and institutions are represented on the executive committee which has worked out plans for the conference, mapped out the policy and arranged the program for the five sessions.

Not only bankers, but school authorities, teachers, county and township officials, farm club women and ministers are showing marked interest in the conference.

Fifteen Indiana counties have filed formal petitions, each accompanied by a check for \$500, asking for the appointment of county farm agents under the vocational law, and in a score or more other counties funds for agents are now being made up.

Removed to District Jail.

Bloomington, Ind., June 3.—Will Williams, alias George Brooks, confessed slayer of W. H. Fielder, is now in jail at Martinsville, to which place he was taken following the spreading of rumors that a mob was likely to be formed and storm the jail to lynch the slayer of the well-known railroad man.

Death of Alfred Austin.

London, June 3.—Alfred Austin, British poet laureate since 1896, is dead at the age of seventy-seven. The poet died at his home, Swinford Old Manor, Ashford, Kent, where he had been ill for some time.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

London banking underwriters have agreed to discourage further bond issues until the present surplus is absorbed.

Fire destroyed the plant of the Daily News at Canton, O., causing a loss to machinery and building estimated at \$50,000.

The twenty-sixth annual convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, is in session at Washington.

The debate on the three years' military service bill in place of two years as heretofore, has begun in the French chamber of deputies.

The International Women's congress is in session in Paris. It is discussing such subjects as hygiene, education, welfare work and help for women.

Edward Payson Weston, the veteran cross-country walker, has begun a 1,446-mile jaunt from New York to Minneapolis. Weston is seventy-five years old.

John A. Thurston, an actor of New York, was drowned when a motor-boat in which he was riding on the Ohio at Cincinnati capsized when it collided with a fleet of coal barges.

Richard L. Metcalfe of Nebraska, editor of Bryan's Commoner, is slated for the office of governor of the Panama canal zone. The nomination will be sent to the senate some time this week.

A new movement seeking the prevention of marriages between persons unfit for parenthood has been launched at Washington, a campaign having been started in favor of state legislation restricting marriages and providing for universal instruction in sex hygiene.

Republican Want Ads. Pay.

THE "PRESENT" QUESTION BEFORE US.

"What in the world shall I give her?" How many times have you said that as you read an invitation to a wedding? Your dilemmas are no different from a thousand other people's. We are all in the same boat when it comes to deciding on a wedding present. It is a human failing for the imagination to balk at that point. Next time you get an invitation don't cudgel your brains and confuse your mind with worry. It is a waste of time and takes away all the pleasure of giving. Just pick up THE REPUBLICAN, or any other good newspaper and run carefully through the advertisements. The first thing you know you will exclaim, "That's the very thing!" There are many useful and beautiful articles, and there is no quicker way of choosing one that suits both your taste and your purse than to glance over the countless suggestions offered daily in our advertising columns.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. Advertisement.

Mite Box Opening.

The W. H. M. Society of the M. E. church will have their mite-box opening Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. J. H. Matlock.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

This remedy has no superior for coughs and colds. It is pleasant to take. It contains no opium or other narcotic. It always cures. For sale by all dealers. Advertisement.

The chautauqua tickets have been placed on sale at Cox's Pharmacy and persons desiring to purchase season tickets may call there if the solicitors fail to call. The tickets may be procured before the chautauqua begins at a reduced price. It will be much cheaper to buy a season ticket now than pay single admissions at the gate. The committee is desirous of disposing of as many tickets as possible at an early date in order that arrangements can be made in advance.

The new fire plugs at the corner of Jackson and Buckeye streets and Jackson and Maple streets have been connected and were tested Monday afternoon. They were found to be in good shape and the pressure was satisfactory. The plugs were ordered installed by the council so as to afford better fire protection for the residences in that part of the city. Before they were connected it would have been difficult for the department to have made an effective fight against a big fire in the extreme south part of the city.

2 IN 1 BLACK WHITE TAN SHOE POLISHES

Easiest to use 10¢ for all shoes

RECEIPTS OF CITY DURING LAST MONTH WERE \$8,894.87

Report of Treasurer Shows That Disbursements Amounted to Total of \$7,736.94.

The report of City Treasurer Burkart for the month of May shows that the total receipts were \$8,894.87 and that the city spent \$7,736.94 during the past month.

The report in full follows:
RECEIPTS.
Balance April 30, 1913, \$ 763.57
Liquor License 7,500.00
Miscellaneous License 625.50
Dog License 3.00
Interest on Deposits 2.80

Total \$8,894.87

DISBURSEMENTS.
Notes Redeemed \$4,500.00
Street Imp. 695.01
Light 691.81
Incidental 471.67
Salary 379.10
Interest on Bonds 300.00
Police Dept. 269.29
Fire Dept. 214.76
Ptg. & Advg. 136.45
Garbage 53.00
Interest on Notes 21.75
Prisoners 4.10

Total \$7,736.94

Balance May 31, 1913, \$1,157.93
Special Fund 199.94
General Fund 957.99
Total \$1,157.93

Advertised List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour, Indiana, and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the Dead Letter Office:

LADIES.

Mrs. Carrie Bickerton.
Mrs. Ella Bridgewater.
Mrs. Joe Driggs.
Mrs. Sam Fuen.
Mrs. P. M. Halton.
Mrs. Chas. Macley.
Mrs. Merle Monday.

MEN.

Mr. Warren Cox.
Mac Loudermilk.
EDWARD A. REMY, P. M.
June 2, 1913.

His Stomach Troubles Over

Mr. Dyspeptic, would you not like to feel that your stomach troubles were over; that you could eat any kind of food you desired without injury? That may seem so unlikely to you that you do not even hope for an ending of your trouble, but permit us to assure you that it is not altogether impossible. If others can be cured permanently, and thousands have been, why not you? John R. Barker, of Battle Creek, Mich., is one of them. He says, "I was troubled with heartburn, indigestion and liver complaint until I used Chamberlain's Tablets, then my trouble was over." Sold by all dealers. Advertisement.

Mr. and Mrs. George Vehslage were in Indianapolis Monday to spend the day.

EFFORT TO RECOVER ENGINE 401 FROM BLUE HOLE FALLS

Great Hook Snapped in Two When Attempt is Made to Pull Locomotive From Mire.

The B. & O. Southwestern Railroad Company is endeavoring to recover engine 401 which went through the trestle over Blue Hole near Washington, during the flood. The first attempts fails as told by the Washington Herald:

The effort made this morning by the local B. & O. Southwestern wrecking crew looking to the removal of the hulk of yard engine 401 from its watery grave at Blue Hole, was a failure. As was told in The Herald the other day, a diver in the employ of the Pittsburgh Construction company, aided the local workmen in placing a line about the wreck. When the "pull" was made a great hook snapped as though it were but a match and a little later the cable parted. Workmen then set about replacing the line and another effort will be made. The engine has settled in a sort of quickmire.

Children's Day Rehearsal.

All members of the First Baptist Sunday School, both primary and intermediate departments, are requested to meet at the church Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, for Children's Day rehearsal.

Advertise in the Republican. It pays.

The New 1913 Rengo Belt Reducing Corsets

are beautiful examples of the scientific reduction of stout and medium figures.

No other corsets ever have or ever will have, the wonderful value that is represented in the great strength and wearing qualities of these new 1913 models. By their extra strength, their shapeliness will be retained long after other weaker corsets have stretched and gone to pieces.

The new models introduce abdominal reducing features strikingly simple, successful and comfortable. In addition to the famous Rengo Belt reinforcement over the abdomen, we have added this season special wide elastic webbing, which automatically reduces the excess flesh and gives an upward support that is most comforting to the wearer. This elastic webbing affords perfect freedom and particularly gives comfort in the sitting position.

All models are boned with double watch-spring steel and guaranteed not to rust.

Prices: \$2, \$3 & \$5

-----AT-----

The Gold Mine Dept. Store



A Little Detective on a Great Machine

Accuracy is the basic principle of the Remington Adding and Subtracting Typewriter

(Wahl Adding Mechanism).



The machine is accurate. But this is not all. It enforces accuracy on those who use it. Likewise it admonishes to accuracy all those on whose work it affords a check.

It detects errors. It likewise prevents errors. Fewer errors are made in every office where the



Remington Adding and Subtracting Typewriter

is used. Why? Because every clerk knows that this machine will infallibly detect his errors and this knowledge makes him more careful in everything that he does.

Thus the machine adds accuracy to mechanical labor saving in every kind of work where writing and adding are done on the same page.

Illustrated booklet sent on request

Remington Typewriter Company

(Incorporated)
6 West Market Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

CONTRACT WAS "REASONABLE"

So George F. Hoar Assured Steel Trust Promoters.

THEN THEY WENT RIGHT AHEAD

A New Chapter Relating to the Formation of the United States Steel Corporation, in Which Is Revealed the Name of Old Senator From Massachusetts, Comes Out in the Hearing of Government's Suit.

New York, June 3.—Into the suit to dissolve the United States Steel corporation, the name of George F. Hoar, for many years a United States senator from Massachusetts, was brought when there was introduced into the testimony of the defendant company an opinion by the late senator on provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law. Judge E. H. Gary, president of the board of directors of the steel company, testified that this opinion was taken as authority by makers of steel products who pooled their interests for a period of a dozen years after the Sherman law went into effect. The law became effective in 1890 and a year later the senator's opinion was solicited.

The question propounded to Senator Hoar was whether an agreement with each other by several companies, the product of each of whom is manufactured in one state, to be sold and delivered in another state or in a foreign country, by which they stipulate that their product shall not be sold for less than an agreed scale of prices and that each shall pay into the common stock, to be divided, in an agreed proportion, all profits by it received beyond what comes from a specified amount of sales is illegal and expose those participating to the proceedings and penalties provided for in the Sherman law. In the senator's opinion the proposed agreement would not tend to create a monopoly, and the only question before him was whether the agreement outlined was in restraint of trade. "I think the contract above proposed," the senator further held, "is reasonable and would be so held by the courts of the United States. The opinion of the courts, like the opinion of the rest of the community, may vary in different generations as to what is reasonable. I think the parties to the agreement would not be likely to be convicted of an offense under the statute of last year."

After Senator Hoar's opinion had been given, Judge Gary said, arrangements were made which affected prices. The opinion was passed around among the manufacturers and they took advantage of it. The witness said he heard much of pools, but that he knew only one arrangement in regard to standard steel rails. This was made by Andrew Carnegie, Henry C. Frick, H. R. Porter and himself. He said he drew it and that each of them signed, the agreement being that the Illinois Steel company and the Carnegie Steel company should each take 50 per cent of the total output of standard steel rails. Other companies asked to get in and were admitted, their presidents signing the paper which Judge Gary had drawn. This agreement, he said, had been stolen from his desk since the beginning of the present suit. Later, when a formal agreement was arranged, Judge Gary did not enter into it. He said he had begun to change his mind and to incline to the opinion that despite the opinion of Senator Hoar, such arrangements were illegal.

Judge Gary also went into the details of the purchase of the securities of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company by the United States Steel corporation during the panic of 1907. He described financial conditions at that time, saying that Mr. Morgan had thrown himself into the struggle against complete disaster and was holding meetings of financiers day and night. He said Mr. Morgan represented conditions as becoming worse and expressed the opinion that if the steel corporation could take a majority of the securities a general crash would be averted.

He described the negotiations and said the suggestion was made that President Roosevelt's approval of the deal be secured in order to be safe against any suit that the government might bring. Judge Gary denied emphatically that Mr. Roosevelt had been deceived in any way regarding the necessity for doing something for the Tennessee Coal and Iron company.

Mrs. Grace Gets Her Divorce.
Philadelphia, June 3.—Eugene Grace of Atlanta did not enter an appearance to his wife's suit for divorce in this city, and the case goes by default. As soon as the regular formalities are disposed of Mrs. Grace will be given an absolute divorce.

Boy Murderer Sentenced.
Elgin, Ill., June 3.—Life imprisonment was the sentence imposed on Norman Coppes, the fourteen-year-old lad who, on April 14, murdered Mrs. Manny Sleep and her two babies on a farm six miles west of Elgin.

Election Frauds Alleged.
Evansville, Ind., June 3.—Five men were indicted by the grand jury for alleged violations of the election laws in the city primary on May 19.

R. FULTON CUTTING

Financier Says There Are Too Many Bachelors and Spinsters.



In a statement Mr. Cutting informs the Episcopal clergy that the number of unmarried men and women is too large. The church should directly teach its maturing girls and boys the wisdom of well considered marriage when undertaken as a divine ordinance. It should provide instruction in the ethics of marriage, its obligations, responsibilities and privileges and in the practice of domestic economy.

HUERTA'S GOVERNMENT IS BREATHING EASIER

Mexico Has Been Able to Complete Big Loan.

New York, June 3.—The National Railways of Mexico got the ten million it had to have to pay off its maturing notes, and with it Mexico got its \$75,000,000 loan. Cables between the bankers in conference here and the bankers in Paris heading the loan negotiations were kept busy in the effort to rush both government and railroad loan through in time to save a very disagreeable situation to the road. The tension which lasted in regard to the railroad loan was ended with the announcement that the company had sold to a New York and European syndicate \$27,500,000 2½ per cent second notes. Shortly after this announcement the maturing notes were being paid off at the Union Trust company.

The notes of the National Railways provide for the matured \$10,000,000 notes and the \$13,000,000 loan due Nov. 15, and for other corporate requirements.

The conclusion of the big Mexican government loan is regarded by friends of Mexico in Wall street as the final establishment of the power and stability of the Huerta administration, despite the absence of recognition by the United States.

KILLED WIFE AND HIMSELF

Frenchman Excited by News That His First Wife Was Not Titanic Victim.

Paris, June 3.—Among the passengers on the Titanic whose name was given as among those lost was Madame Reuy, a native of Bethune. Her husband lamented her loss for a reasonable time and then married another woman. Yesterday Reuy received a letter from his first wife saying that she was very much alive and was on her way back to Bethune. The husband became very much excited and fired four bullets into his second wife, killing her. He then committed suicide rather than face the wife who had been rescued from the Titanic.

Not since the outbreak of the Balkan war has the London stock market been so depressed as it is just now.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain and Livestock.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.
Wheat—Wagon, 99c; No. 2 red, \$1.04. Corn—No. 3, 60c. Oats—No. 2 white, 41c. Hay—Baled, \$11.90 @ 12.00; timothy, \$13.00 @ 15.00; mixed, \$10.00 @ 12.00. Cattle—\$2.00 @ 8.65. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 8.65. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 5.25. Lambs—\$2.00 @ 8.00. Receipts—Cattle, 400; hogs, 2,500; sheep, 200.

At Cincinnati.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.97. Corn—No. 2, 62c. Oats—No. 2, 40c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.50. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 8.75. Sheep—\$4.25 @ 6.00. Lambs—\$4.50 @ 8.00.

At Chicago.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.95½. Corn—No. 3, 58½c. Oats—No. 2, 39c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00 @ 8.80; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ 8.00. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 8.85. Sheep—\$5.00 @ 5.65. Lambs—\$5.50 @ 8.75.

At St. Louis.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.96. Corn—No. 2, 58½c. Oats—No. 2, 38c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00 @ 9.00. Hogs—\$5.75 @ 8.85. Sheep—\$5.00 @ 5.75. Lambs—\$7.00 @ 7.45.

At East Buffalo.
Cattle—\$3.75 @ 8.40. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 9.00. Sheep—\$5.00 @ 6.00. Lambs—\$7.25.

Wheat at Toledo.
July, 92c; Sept., 91½c; cash, \$1.07.

CHARGES DISMISSED

Head of Faith Home Cleared of Accusation of Larceny.

Indianapolis, June 3.—Charges of grand larceny and conspiracy to commit a felony against A. L. Kilburn, head of the Faith Home, Indianapolis; Dr. Urban A. Lyle, Dr. Frank P. Gray and Frank Wetzel, head of the Union Mission and Rescue Home of Lafayette, Ind., prosecuted by a representative of the board of state charities, were dismissed yesterday in Criminal Court on motion of Prosecutor Baker at the conclusion of the state's evidence. The prosecutor said, after George T. Whisler of Brookston, Ind., had testified, that the state was warranted in asking to dismiss all charges against the defendants.

Before Judge Markey sustained the motion, attorneys for the defendants made sure that the motion ended the cases. The motion followed a whole day's proceedings, during which a jury was sworn and testimony for the state was submitted.

The charges were that the defendants had obtained \$575 from Whisler. The money was paid to Mr. Kilburn to care for Whisler's daughter before and at the time of the birth of her baby at the Faith Home. The

money was divided between the Faith Home, Drs. Lyle and Gray and Mr. Wetzel.

Mr. Whisler testified that he did not know how the money was to be divided. He said that he knew what he wanted and was willing to pay for what he wanted. He asserted he did not know what the care and attention he wanted his daughter to have would cost Dr. Gray and others, and he was satisfied when the baby was born and, he understood, was being well cared for. His daughter refused to come to Indianapolis to testify and he said she is in Chicago, attending school. The state relied on Whisler's ignorance of how the money was divided between the defendants. A contract between the defendants was introduced and showed that Drs. Gray and Lyle received their portions for services rendered. The money given to the Faith Home was a donation.

S. Ethel Clark of the board of state charities was named by Prosecutor Baker as the prosecuting witness during the proceedings when Whisler was on the stand and there was a squabble between the attorneys about certain questions asked Whisler. Whisler said he was not prosecuting the case. He gave his testimony reluctantly. The money was paid when his daughter needed care and in an effort to save the family

from notoriety, he said.

When the indictments were returned and the arrests made the defendants told the same stories, and their statements coincided with those of the state. They contended that they had not done anything to make them guilty of conspiracy or grand larceny. Others besides the Whisler family were said to be back of the case, and Prosecutor Baker's statement that Miss Clark was his prosecuting witness was the first public admission that it was any one connected with the state board who was interested in the prosecution.

Best Cough Medicine for Children

"I am very glad to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy" writes Mrs. Lida Dewey, Milwaukee, Wis. "I have used it for years both for my children and myself and it never fails to relieve and cure a cough or cold. No family with children should be without it as it gives almost immediate relief in cases of croup." Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is pleasant and safe to take, which is of great importance when a medicine must be given to young children. For sale by all dealers. Advertisement.

Mrs. Fred Kline of Columbus, is spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Niemeyer.

Building Material

The Very Best at the Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds. High Grade Mill Work. Veeneered Doors and Interior Finish.

Travis Carter Co.

Geo. F. Meyer Drug Store

104 S. Chestnut St. Phone 247

Louis Dressendorfer

Contracting House Painter
Phone No. 1015.—2. L. INDIANA

John W. Stegner

For DRIVEN WELLS and Pump Repairs.
119 South Broadway. Phone 650

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Will write any kind of INSURANCE
CLARK B. DAVIS
LOANS NOTARY

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Fire, Lightning, Tornado and Automobile Insurance

Phone 244
G. L. HANCOCK, Agt.
SEYMOUR, IND.

H. LETT, M. D. C.

Veterinary Surgeon
111 W. Third St., SEYMOUR.
Phones—New 643 and 644, Old 97 and 90.

ANNA E. CARTER

NOTARY PUBLIC
Office at the Daily REPUBLICAN office, 108 West Second Street.

THOS. J. CLARK

Fire, Accident and Tornado INSURANCE
Surety Bonds
Opera House Block. Seymour, Indiana

BAGGAGE TRANSFER.

Call 'Phone 468 for transfer of baggage or light hauling in all parts of the city. Residence phone 612-R. SAM S. WIBLE.

FIRE INSURANCE

A few dollars invested today may save you thousands tomorrow
E. W. BLISH, Room No. 11, Postal Building

W. H. BURKLEY

REAL ESTATE INSURANCE and LOANS
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

DEHLER'S

SPECIAL NO. 7

Our Weekly Specials made have quite a hit, and as the trading public is so appreciative of the bargains we are putting out from week to week, we are going to reciprocate by continuing these weekly specials indefinitely.

This Week We Are Offering

All \$1.75 hats, men's trousers, shirts, boys suits, suit-cases, men's Alpaca and Mohair coats, fancy vests, Umbrellas, etc., at **\$1.35.**

All \$1.50 values comprising almost all the above mentioned specials at **\$1.15.**

All \$1.25 values at **99cts.**

OUR SUIT PRICES

Are attracting universal attention.

Men's suits formerly \$22.50	now \$15.50
Men's suits formerly \$20.00	now \$13.25
Men's suits formerly \$18.00	now \$11.50
Men's suits formerly \$15.00	now \$9.95
Men's suits formerly \$13.50	now \$8.85
Men's suits formerly \$12.50	now \$7.75
Men's suits formerly \$10.00	now \$6.65

An investigation is worth your while whether you make a purchase or not. Our window display shows the styles and prices.

Dehler's Stores

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY	
One Year	\$5.00
Six Months	2.50
Three Months	1.25
One Month	.45
One Week	.10
WEEKLY	
One Year in Advance	\$1.00

TUESDAY, JUNE 3, 1913.

News dispatches from all parts of the country give accounts of the arrest and conviction of many public and private officials for bribery and dishonesty. A glance at the newspapers might cause some to believe that there is a wave of dishonesty, but viewed in the opposite light such reports only prove that the day of trickery and chicanery is past and that the people are demanding straightforward servants for public offices and private enterprises. They are requiring even more. They want the dishonest official punished and it is in keeping with this general desire that so many of the prosecutions are instituted. When a man is elected to public office or is given a position with a private concern it is expected that he will perform his duty according to the trust and confidence

placed in him, and when he betrays the confidence of the people employing him he can expect to receive the punishment due him. The many arrests only show that the standard of honest employment is being raised which will result in better and more satisfactory work.

Congressman Dixon is experiencing some of the real troubles of an office holder. To him is left the task of appointing the postmasters in this district. This would not be so difficult if all the democratic politicians of the district were not informed of his responsibility and desired to have a hand in the appointments. The situation confronting the Congressman from the Fourth district is probably one of the worst in the state, as several factions have been organized in several of the cities and towns where he will appoint postmasters and he is in a good position to divide his strength. At North Vernon, the Congressman's home town, the present postmaster completed his term several months ago and has resigned, as he wants to get into other work, but the fight is so bitter that Congressman Dixon has some hesitancy in naming the successor. In some places the contending factions declare that if their candidate is not named they will bring out another

man to make the race against Dixon in the next campaign.

Superintendent Heeter of the Pittsburg public schools has been found guilty of charges of immorality by an investigating committee of six prominent citizens. He will have another opportunity to prove his innocence, however, as the school board has also granted him a hearing. The charges against him are serious and even if he should be found innocent by the board his term of usefulness as superintendent of the Pittsburg schools is over. A school superintendent occupies a peculiar position where he should command the respect of the children under his control and also of their parents. The pupils are fully informed of the charges and recently "struck" and refused to attend their classes. Should he be returned to his position, upon a finding of not guilty, he would have little influence in Pittsburg and the schools could not be expected to make much progress under his direction.

Thank God! Some of us have an old-fashioned mother. Not a woman of the period, painted and enameled, with all her society manners and fine dresses whose white, jeweled hands never felt the clasp of baby fingers, but a dear old-fashioned mother with a sweet voice, eyes into whose clear depth of love light shone, and brown hair, just threaded with silver, lying smooth upon her faded cheek. Those dear hands, worn with toil, gently guided our steps in childhood, and smoothed our cheeks in sickness, ever reaching out to us in yearning tenderness. Blessed in the memory of an old-fashioned mother. It floats to us like the beautiful perfume of some wood blossoms. The music of other voices may be lost, but the enchanting memory of her will echo in our soul forever.—Argos Reflector.

Quite a number of bands of Gypsies have traveled through this vicinity this spring and frequent reports have been made of small thefts which were laid to them. Under the recent law of the Indiana legislature a farmer can prevent these travelers from camping on his farm or along the road abutting his land. The law was evidently passed to discourage such bands from coming to Indiana for with their arrival usually come reports of petty stealing.

In order to supply in a meager way the demand of thousands of democrats for some kind of an office, the leaders of that party are endeavoring to find places on the pension boards for some of the office seekers. Republican members of the pension boards in Clark and Scott counties have been let out without cause simply to give places to the democrats who are demanding "something."

NEWSY PARAGRAPHS.

Mrs. Roscoe Speer is quite sick at her home on Blish street.

Miss Nettie Birch, a former nurse of the Schneck Memorial Hospital, is a patient there, suffering from appendicitis.

Dr. A. J. Banker was here from Columbus today to see J. W. Summit, who is very low at his home on West Fourth street with tuberculosis.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hudson of Indianapolis, Saturday, May 31. Mr. and Mrs. Hudson formerly lived in Seymour.

George Vehslage has purchased a Cole automobile and Dr. S. B. Shinness a Hupmobile roadster. The sales were made through the Carlson Hardware Company.

M. S. Blish, who with his family, is taking an automobile trip through the East, writes that they are having a splendid outing. They reached Cleveland several days ago and report that they experienced no trouble.

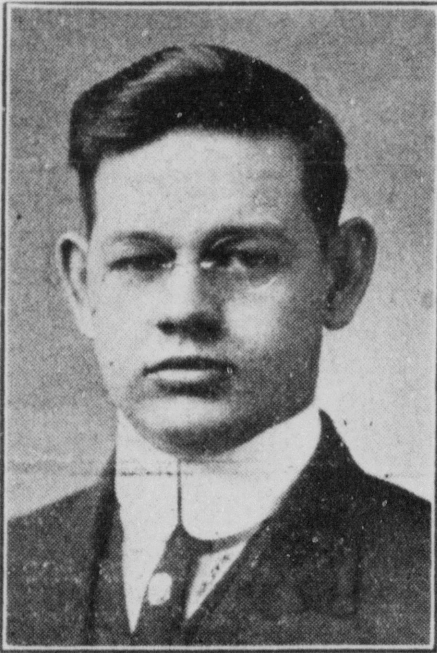
E. R. Richmond, of Hamilton township, suffered an attack of heart trouble Monday afternoon while in the city on business. He was given treatment at Cox's Pharmacy and in a short time was able to return home.

Miss Margaret, daughter of Postmaster and Mrs. E. A. Remy, has been elected as faculty editor of the Junior Annual of Franklin College. Miss Remy will be a member of the Junior class next year. The department of which she will have charge is one of the most important of the publication.

Mrs. Barney McMillan was brought here Monday afternoon and admitted to the Schneck hospital, where she underwent an operation for appendicitis. She was stricken Sunday and by special request, passenger train No. 2 was stopped at Medora to bring her here as soon as possible. Her condition is satisfactory.

Gets Excellent Position.

Mr. G. N. Findley, a graduate of the Seymour Business College, has accepted a position as principal of the business department in Conference Academy up in Vermont.



MR. G. N. FINDLEY.

Mr. Findley is a son of Sara D. Findley of Brownstown. The place in Vermont carries with it an excellent salary. We congratulate Mr. Findley on his success. Conference Academy is a high class school. Mr. Findley will take up his work in September.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Knoke and Miss Maude and George Beyer spent Sunday at Louisville.

Lawn mowers sharpened at Comer's, 118 S. Chestnut. m15dtf

Let Loertz be your Druggist. j4d

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

Temp.	Weather.
New York..... 72	Clear
Boston..... 72	Clear
Denver..... 48	Clear
San Francisco. 54	Cloudy
St. Paul..... 52	Clear
Chicago..... 66	Pt. Cloudy
Indianapolis... 74	Clear
St. Louis..... 84	Pt. Cloudy
New Orleans... 88	Clear
Washington... 74	Clear

Unsettled.

THE Woman

Who is wise will see to it that her husband's hard earned money will be spent where it will do the most good. When you are patronizing our store your husband knows you are not running up an account he cannot meet on pay day, and further, he knows every dollar is made to do its duty. It is true you must have your market basket along and carry your purchases with you but how can you make money any easier? I wish I knew how many families there are in town that do not know what they are paying for sugar, flour, meat, lard, etc. I'll venture to say one-third the families of Seymour can not tell. Why? Because they buy on credit and just pay any kind of a price for that privilege. I buy in quantities for three large stores and always have a store full of bargains for you.

We have received 5000 boxes of Double Dip Matches, best quality, 5c item selling 2 boxes for 5c.

5c Dunhams Cocoanut, 3 boxes for 10c.

10c Dunhams Cocoanut, 2 boxes for 15c.

10c Shinola, 2 boxes for 15c.

5c German Sweet Chocolate, 3 for 10c.

10c German Sweet Chocolate, 2 for 15c.

10c Lemon or Vanilla Extract, 2 bottles for 15c.

5c Arm & Hammer Soda, 3 boxes 10c.

5c Argo Starch, box 4c.

5 bars Lenox Soap for 15c.

3 boxes White Line for 10c.

Home grown Strawberries 10c.

Nice Lemons, 5 for 10c.

10c box Oats now 7c.

5 lb. box Capemell Horse Nails for 85c.

Black Screen Wire from 10 to 15c yd.

Galvanized Screen Wire from 15 to 20c yd.

Good Screen Doors, complete with Hinges for 98c.

Fancy Doors \$1.25 to \$1.50.

RAY R. KEACH

EAST SECOND STREET



Home of H. L. Bridges painted with LUCAS TINTED GLOSS PAINT.

Buy your home a spring coat of LUCAS TINTED GLOSS PAINT.

Get in line with your neighbors, everybody is painting. Why not you?

A new coat of LUCAS PAINT will beautify your home, increase the value of your property, improve the neighborhood, and benefit the whole community.

Your whole family will be delighted and your neighbors and friends will rejoice with you.

Just think what a wonderful improvement a coat of paint makes on an old weather beaten house.

Paint is cheap this year. Don't delay any longer. Now is the time.

Get busy! Buy some LUCAS PAINT, get a good painter to apply it and become a "Booster" in this great campaign to beautify your city.

The LOERTZ DRUG STORE

QUALITY STORE FOR PAINTS.

Phone 116

Goods Delivered.

Milhouse Block.

It don't matter what you want in paints, Loertz has it.

We Want to Show You

Just as we have shown many other satisfied purchasers, the splendid values we offer in spring dress goods.

House Dresses	98c to \$1.50
Dressing Sacques	50c
Aprons	25c to 50c

OUR LAWNS ARE SELLING RAPIDLY.

We marked them down for quick sale and our customers appreciate the bargains:

30c value to sell at.....	17 1/2c
25c value to sell at.....	15c
15c value to sell at.....	10c
10c value to sell at.....	7c


Ladies' and Misses' Summer Underwear, Hosiery, Children's Suits, Rompers, etc. Come and see them.

W.H. REYNOLDS

Phone 163.

21-23 S. Chestnut St.

Classified Ads. Bring Results



Vases

For the Cemetery or Lawn.

All Styles, Sizes and Prices.

Seymour Greenhouses

Phone 58

KRAMER BROS.

The Hub

Advertising and Merchandise 100% Pure

CROWNED With Good Judgement If You Wear a HUB STRAW HAT.

You just as well enjoy the hot summer days with a cool head. Here are the boys that will do the work for you.

Sailors in plain and rough straw, priced from \$1.50 to \$3.50.

Soft straws, 50c to \$2.00.

Bangkok and Panamas, \$5.00.

Children's straws, 25c, 50c and \$1.00.

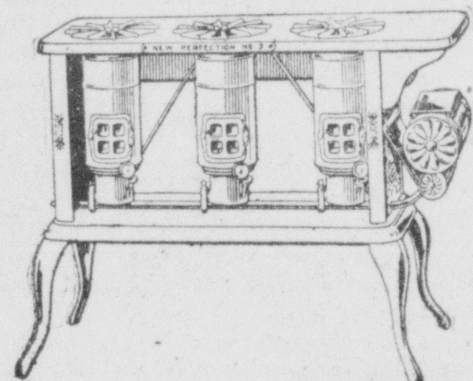
A great collection of serviceable and comfortable hats for everyday wear. Hand made Panamas, peanut straw and Mexicans.

Graduating Occasion

Whenever an occasion requires you to consider Jewelry, Parisian Ivory and Novelties, let us have the pleasure of serving you.

Just received a new stock of Parisian Ivory

W. STRATTON & SON
Phone 715 Jewelry



New Perfection Oil Cook Stoves

Best on the market. Cheaper than Gas Stoves. Cooler than Coal Stoves. Lawn Mowers Sharpened. Bicycles repaired.

W. A. Carter & Son

Opposite Traction Station.



SOLID GOLD QUEEN CITY RINGS

All Stones Lost Replaced Free.
T. R. HALEY, Jeweler
10 E. 2nd St. Phone 730.

ABSTRACTER & ATTORNEY

When you buy a farm or city lot, demand an Abstract made by

C. F. Lautzenheiser
BROWNSTOWN, IND.



WEDDING RINGS

In obedience in fashion's dictates there is now a change of style in wedding rings. Our stock of wedding rings comprises these new styles and we will make over your old wedding ring into one of fashionable design, using the same gold so the sentiment will not be lost.

J. G. LAUPUS
JEWELER

PERSONAL.

Mrs. W. P. Masters spent today in Indianapolis.

Mrs. S. A. Barnes spent today in Indianapolis.

H. F. Greeman was in Indianapolis today on business.

Mrs. Ira Haas returned this morning from a visit in Louisville.

Mrs. Mary Cassin came from Mitchell this morning to spend a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Peck of Bedford, are here visiting friends this week.

Mrs. M. E. Downing went to Paris Crossing this morning to visit her parents.

Jerry McOsker was here from Brownstown today on his way to Indianapolis.

Mrs. A. D. Shields and son, James Allen, and Mrs. Lon Prewitt spent today in Louisville.

J. L. Beldon of Crothersville, was here this morning and went to Indianapolis on business.

Mrs. M. C. Gallemore left Monday for a visit with relatives in Lawrenceburg and Cincinnati.

Mrs. Pansy Anderson and children of Franklin, are the guests of her sister, Mrs. Tevis Carter.

Mrs. Ida B. Davidson and niece of Sullivan, Ill., are the guests of Mrs. J. H. Hopewell and family.

Mrs. W. D. Mahorney came this morning from Tunnelton to visit with Mr. and Mrs. Orville Mahorney.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Keith, who have been visiting relatives here, returned to their home in Columbus today.

Miss Helen Taylor returned to Indianapolis this morning after visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Burkley.

Miss Myrtle Cunningham came from Indianapolis today for an extended visit with Mrs. Oscar Carter.

Miss Gertrude Sweany returned Monday evening from a week-end visit with her brother in Indianapolis.

Mrs. J. J. Keene has returned to Indianapolis after being the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Honan.

Mrs. Clifford Ribelin spent last evening the guest of Mrs. Jerome Boyes and returned to her home this morning.

Miss Ethel Perlee returned to Indianapolis this morning after a few days' visit with Mrs. Byford Cunningham.

Ed Aufderheide has returned to Cincinnati after spending two days with his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Aufderheide.

Miss Louise Rau, who has been spending a week with her father, Chris. Rau, returned to Brownstown this morning.

Mrs. James Allen and daughter were called to Tunnelton today by the serious illness of Mr. Allen's father, Joseph Allen.

Mrs. Carrie Richards of Medora, and Louis Weaver of Anderson, have returned home after visiting Mrs. C. C. Trueblood.

Mrs. Charles L. Brown of Columbus, returned to her home this afternoon after spending several days here with relatives.

Mrs. James Demaree and sister, Miss Laura Gray, went to Indianapolis Monday afternoon to spend several days with relatives.

Miss Adelaide Gashaway is in Indianapolis the guest of Mrs. Theodore Seulke. She will visit in Comersville before returning home.

Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Green of Manilla, were here today the guests of Miss Fannie Ray, enroute to Tennessee on a visit with relatives.

Mrs. H. W. Borman has returned to her home in Cincinnati after visiting her daughters, Mrs. J. P. Honan and Mrs. Frank Spanagel.

Leo Driscoll, who has been the guest of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Mike Fox, since Friday, has returned to his home in Indianapolis.

Miss Mary Heaton, of Hayden, was in the city this morning on her way to Edinburg, having been called there on account of the sickness of her nephew.

Mrs. Mary M. Thompson went to Reddington this morning to visit Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pearson and family before returning to her home in Indianapolis.

Mrs. H. L. Gray, of Wabash, was here this morning on her way from Brownstown, where she has been visiting. Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Gunder accompanied her as far as Indianapolis.

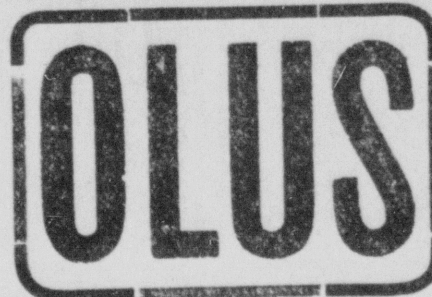
Gas and electric bills are now ready at our office, No. 8 S. Chestnut. Interstate Public Service Co. j3d

Star bread, always fresh. Order from your grocer. Save the labels. j7d&w

It's fit to walk on, Adamant Floor Paint. 50c per quart at Loertz Drug Store. j4d

We do "Printing that Pleases."

Union



Suits

OLUS is obviously the best.

COAT CUT—It opens all the way down.

CLOSED CROTCH—Actually closed, no flaps, strings, nor fussy seams.

CLOSED BACK—It fits perfectly from shoulder to crotch.

One Look will convince you. Come at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00 per suit.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

Adolph Steinwedel

17 North Chestnut Street

PAY LESS and DRESS BETTER



PORCH SWING SPECIAL \$3.25.

We have 50 of these swings to offer at this special price. This swing measures 46 inches and is made of quartered sawed oak making a very strong, also comfortable swing.

HEIDEMAN

Metropolitan Picnic.

The policy holders of the Metropolitan Insurance Company will hold a picnic at the City Park, Friday afternoon, June 6th. Contests for the children and a good time for all planned. Refreshments on the grounds. All policy holders cordially welcomed.

Albert C. Foster, Agent.

Eat Star bread. You know it is the best, and always fresh. Save the labels. j7d&w

Miss Irene St. Quentin, Teacher in Pianoforte. For information call 124. j6d

Phone 621 for Ice. John J. Cobb

Gas and Electric Light Patrons.

All bills for gas and electric lights are due the first of each month. No statements are mailed but itemized amounts may be obtained at the office in person or by telephone. No discounts allowed for payments after the 15th of the month.

m12dtf Seymour Public Service Co.

Calling Cards.

One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office.

Something to walk on, Adamant Floor Paint, 50c per quart at Loertz Drug Store. j4d

Tires put on go-carts at Comers, 118 S. Chestnut street. a24tf

Better Clothes

UNDERWEAR



In all styles of garments and made of several cool fabrics.

There are Union Suits and Two Piece Suits as you prefer.

Materials of Nainsook, Madras, Sea Island Cotton, Soisette and other fabrics.

Sleeveless or Short Sleeves; Full Length or Knee Length.

All Sizes.

All Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and up.

Thomas Clothing Co.

Silk Wash Ties 15c, or 2 for 25c.

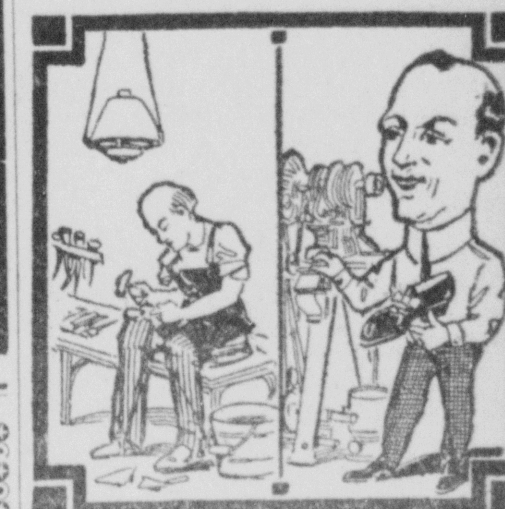
Better Service



THE BEST AND MOST ECONOMICAL FUEL YOU CAN USE IS OUR EGG SIZE SOFT COAL. YOU NEEDN'T TAKE OUR WORD FOR IT.—ORDER US TO SEND YOU SOME FOR TRIAL. WE ARE WILLING TO TRUST TO THE VERDICT OF AN ACTUAL USER.

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AT \$4.25 PER TON.



THE OLD AND THE NEW

way of shoe repairing. We do not condemn the former, but ours is the most modern and efficient way of doing your work. Our purpose in installing these machines was to give the public the best, most durable and neatest workmanship to be had. A trial will convince you. NUF-SED.

W. N. FOX

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OUR MILL WORK

is noted for its accuracy and dependability. We execute special work from plans in a way that will meet with your approval, using only choice and well-seasoned lumber. Particular pains are taken to see that all joints, dove-tails, etc., are carefully made. Absolute satisfaction assured.

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Osteopathy helps all, cures many, injuries none. Both lady and gentleman Osteopaths at 14 West Second St. Office phone, 557; Residence, 305.

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GOOD WORK FOR LESS MONEY

Cleaning, Pressing and Repairing. Work called for and delivered.

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CHAS. E. GILLESPIE, M. D.

Practice Limited to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat and Fitting Glasses.

Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.
Andrews Bldg. Phone 245. Seymour, Ind.

INDIANS' MUSIC WILL BE SAVED

Agent Appointed to Record
Their Tribal Songs.

WORK IS NOW UNDER WAY.

Government Has Been Working on
Policy For Several Years—Composer
O'Hara Will Live on Reservations
and Get the Chants From Old Men
and Squaws Who Know Them All.

The action of Secretary of the Interior Lane in appointing Geoffrey O'Hara, a composer, instructor of music under the bureau of Indian affairs means the policy of the government, inaugurated years ago to preserve the wonderful music of the American Indian, will be continued.

Already much has been done in this line. In fact, the first Indian music to be recorded and then played and sung by Indian students was a feature of the commencement week program of the Chilocco Indian school in northern Oklahoma in 1906.

At that time Professor Harold A. Loring was United States supervisor of Indian music, and it was under his direction that Indian music was first used at Chilocco and Carlisle in 1906.

Songs For Schools.

"It will be Mr. O'Hara's duty, it is announced in connection with his appointment, to record native Indian music and arrange it for use in the Indian schools. He is to live on the reservations, and much of his work will necessarily be done, therefore, in Oklahoma, where there are so many Indian tribes now living.

In addition, too, there are the remnants of many tribes once populous and powerful living in Oklahoma—Delawares, Senecas, Wyandottes, Cadizos, Waccos, Kaws, Shawnees, Modocs and various others.

The native music of these tribes is to be preserved, so far as possible, and, as a rule, it is absolutely necessary to get the music from the old men and squaws of the tribes. The younger generations do not know the music in a great many instances.

The use of native Indian music, as arranged by Professor Loring at Chilocco and Carlisle in the spring of 1906, attracted widespread attention, and there were many calls for copies of the music from all sections of the country.

In the Indian schools the music was sung by choirs of Indian young men and women, native songs with band accompaniment.

One of the pieces arranged by Professor Loring and that attracted the most attention was the "Cante Masi ca," a Sioux Indian love song. It was recorded from Indians on the Rosebud reservation, in South Dakota, by Professor Loring and arranged for bands.

Demand Among Whites.

In speaking of his line of work he said that wherever the Indian students interpreted their tribal songs before a white audience they met with instant success, and since that time there has been a strong demand for the genuine aboriginal music rather than for the many cheap imitations.

"The Indians never sing their songs in any form other than the melody," said Mr. Loring, "yet there is little doubt but that they inwardly feel and hear a harmonization as distinctly as if it were being sung. I have often gone to the piano in company with an Indian and have asked him to listen attentively while I played one of the songs of his tribe.

"First I would play the melody only and would ask him if that were right, if it sounded satisfactory, and the reply usually would be in the affirmative. Then I would play the same melody with a harmonization, and he would generally say, 'It sounds right, and yet it is queer; it is not just complete.'"

MAY GROW RAINLESS WHEAT.

South African Expert Announces Important Discovery.

Dr. Macdonald of the South African department of agriculture declares that it is now possible to grow a "rainless wheat"—that is to say, a crop upon which no single drop of rain has fallen between seed time and harvest. It does not maintain its existence without moisture, but all that is necessary is obtained from the deposit of a previous season in "moisture saving fall plows."

This would mean a great boon for those areas where the rainfall is uncertain and irrigation for various reasons impossible.

TURKEY WILL EXPAND NAVY.

Two Dreadnoughts and Four Cruisers to Be Built in England.

According to the London Daily Telegraph, Turkey is contemplating the expansion of her navy. In addition to the Dreadnought now being built for the Ottoman navy by an English firm, two Dreadnoughts and four cruisers will be ordered in England.

"The Turkish government," says the dispatch, "considers that in view of the growth of the Austrian, Italian and Russian navies her first act, now that the war is over, should be to build up a fleet capable of defending Turkish interests in the Mediterranean."

Minute "Movies" of the News Right Off the Reel

An aviator on Long Island hid in the sky from a process server until his gasoline ran out.

A Kansas City man posed as a woman school teacher for a year and "accepted" a proposal of marriage from a California man.

Satan can scratch Wyoming, O., off his list on Sunday morning. Every body in town has personally promised to attend church.

A New Jersey woman dreamed that she witnessed a canoe accident in which her son was drowned. The next morning another of her sons confessed that such an accident had happened.

A Cincinnati man whose life was one long grouch directed in his will that his ashes be scattered from the twenty-fourth story of an office building and expressed the hope that the ashes would blow in people's eyes.

An American "tango tea" teacher in London has among his pupils the Duchess of Marlborough, the Countess Torby (daughter of Grand Duke Michael of Russia), Lady Victor Paget, the Duke and Duchess of Manchester and Lady Evelyn Green.

FILIPINOS RAISING OWN RICE NOW, SAYS CONSUL.

Yield Greatly Increased Under United States Supervision.

Rice production in the Philippines is rapidly increasing as a result of the supervision of the United States, and the time is not far in the future when the Filipinos will produce all the rice needed by themselves, according to George E. Anderson, consul general at Hongkong, British China.

"Increased production of rice in the Philippines," Mr. Anderson says, "due to systematic government efforts and encouragement of native farmers by Philippine business men, is affecting the archipelago's rice imports through Hongkong, the value of which fell from \$642,038 in the first quarter of 1912 to \$436,393 in the same quarter this year.

"The production of rice in the provinces of Pangasinan and Nueva Ecija alone last year amounted to 19,210,000 bushels, and the local authorities there claim that production can be increased indefinitely by immigration and irrigation. The need of farmers is the greatest factor. Irrigation works are being established, and a government commission is locating suitable areas for rice culture.

"In the province of Nueva Ecija, which established a high record in last year's crop, for example, farmers cart their crops as far as sixty miles to the railway.

"The Philippines have been importing annually an average of about \$6,500,000 worth of rice, which the islands can produce probably as cheaply as the countries from which their supply is imported."

PICKS UP \$5,000 ON BEACH.

Long Island Girl Finds Lump of Ambergris Worth That Much.

A chunk of ambergris worth more than \$5,000 was found recently on the beach below her home by Miss Ethel Terry of Sayville, N. Y.

She was taking a walk along the beach when she saw at high tide mark a quantity of grayish matter which appeared to be wax. She had never seen anything like it before, and, curious as to what it might be, she wrapped it up and carried it home. It proved to be ambergris.

So far as is known, no other such find of ambergris has ever been made on the shores of Long Island, at least not since whaling has become a lost art in adjacent waters. Ambergris is secreted in the entrails of whales and is of value to makers of perfumes.

NEW STEEL PROCESS FOUND.

High Speed Product Patented All Over the World.

The London Daily Mail says that great interest has been aroused in Sheffield in a method of producing superior high speed steel by the introduction of cobalt.

The process has been patented throughout the world by a continental firm, but there are indications that at Sheffield, the center of the English high speed steel industry, the manufacturers will fight for the privilege of making the new steel without having to pay royalties under a foreign patent.

The new material, it is said, marks a great advance on the best qualities of steel at present obtainable for boring and cutting tools.

Killed by Excitement.

A woman in Hartford, Conn., fell dead recently while playing cards. Physicians said the excitement of winning had killed her. She held a winning hand when she fell from her chair and expired.

A Fighting Lawyer.

Atlanta has a lawyer of whom she should be proud. He has only one arm, but he recently whipped five men who attacked him.

COL. ROOSEVELT ON WHAT HE DRINKS AND DOES NOT DRINK

Never Drank a Cocktail or a Highball, He Says at Libel Trial.

Drinks Some Wine, but Takes Whisky or Brandy Only as Medicine.

THE country at large may now know just what Colonel Roosevelt does and does not drink. He has told it himself, a complete statement as to his drinking habits having been part of his testimony in the trial at Marquette, Mich., of his \$10,000 libel suit against George A. Newett, publisher of the Ishpeming Iron Ore.

During the last presidential campaign there was published in Iron Ore the assertion that "Roosevelt frequently gets drunk, and all his intimates know it." That assertion was the basis of the libel suit.

Colonel Roosevelt testified that he never gets drunk and that he uses liquor very sparingly. When he does drink, he drinks wine as a rule, he said. He never uses whisky or brandy except for medicinal purposes, never drinks beer at all, because he doesn't like the taste of it; never made a prac-

nizan received from Minneapolis a telegram which read:

"Don't let this sensational trial continue until I have arrived."

The message was signed Jacob Miles. Judge Flannigan turned the message over to Frank Tyree, one of Colonel Roosevelt's former body guards. He telegraphed the chief of police at Minneapolis, who wired back that Miles was insane and had been arrested.

Several amusing incidents brightened the preparations for the trial. Colonel Roosevelt and his party arrived in Marquette at 7:45 o'clock in the morning and were warmly greeted by a crowd at the station. As the easterners stepped from the train it suddenly dawned on them that the climate on Lake Superior was different.

Looking out of the car windows on the overcast crowd lined up to meet them, James Sloan, secret service agent, turned around in a panic stricken way and said:

"Let all the men with straw hats go out together. Then if we are killed we can at least die together."

Accordingly he went out with Gifford Pinchot, Marshal Frank Tyree, O. K. Davis and ex-Secretary Bacon, and the five straw hats created a lot of well bred interest on the part of the inhabitants.

No Use For Cigars.

Somebody offered the colonel a cigar. "I take a cigar as often as I do a drink of whisky," said the colonel.

Homer Guck, editor of the Houghton Mining Gazette, reminded the colonel that they had met in Cuba.

"Just a moment," said the colonel, pausing. "Oh, yes; you were one of the sentries that stopped me on the bridge as I was riding into Santiago after the surrender."

"Yes," said Guck, "and we made you dig your pass out of your boot and



Photos by American Press Association.
THE COURTHOUSE AT MARQUETTE, JUDGE FLANNIGAN, COLONEL ROOSEVELT AND A WITNESS.

tice of drinking at a bar and hasn't drunk at one during the last twenty years, he declared.

He asserted, further, that he never did drink a cocktail or a highball and that he lets liquors, mixed drinks, ales and porters strictly alone.

Four physicians corroborated Colonel Roosevelt. Two appeared in person and two by depositions. The depositions were those of Drs. John B. Murphy and Arthur D. Bevan, who attended Colonel Roosevelt at Mercy hospital in Chicago after he had been shot by a fanatic at Milwaukee last fall.

The physicians agreed that Colonel Roosevelt's recovery would have been slower and might have been impossible had he been addicted to liquor. Drs. Murphy and Bevan said they did not notice an odor of liquor on his breath when they attended him.

Great For Marquette.

Irrespective of the sides taken by its citizens, Marquette as a whole rejoiced when the trial began. The town became temporarily the center of national attention, as far as Colonel Roosevelt's admirers were concerned, at any rate.

It was indeed a distinguished group of men who gathered there to testify. The list of witnesses included the names of governors, former cabinet members, eminent physicians and high officials, past and present.

It fell to the lot of Judge Richard Flannigan to hear this remarkable trial of a former president's charge that he had been slandered by the editor of a trade journal. Judge Flannigan immediately won favor with the many women who were interested in hearing the evidence by ordering that certain good seats be virtually reserved for their use.

Colonel Roosevelt and Newett took seats very near each other when the trial began, but did not look at each other. Colonel Roosevelt's attorneys, Mr. Pound of Detroit, W. S. Hill of Marquette and William H. Van Ben-schoten of New York, sat at the counsel table with William A. Belden of Ishpeming, Horace E. Andrews of Cleveland and Mr. Belden's assistant, Thomas Clancy, representing Newett. The day the trial began Judge Flannigan received from Minneapolis a telegram which read:

speeches, with emphatic nods of the head, with words that were flung hot from his tongue, he looked the jurors in the face and hammered home his evidence.

He talked fast, his voice was good, and every sentence carried to every corner in the room. The defense allowed him to go as far as he pleased.

Many exceptions were taken, but both Judge Flannigan and the counsel for the defense extended every courtesy. The colonel clearly dominated the court, counsel and jury.

Many objections were made to his story of his strenuous adventures in Africa and the circumstances involved in the Milwaukee shooting, but the matter was allowed to go.

The colonel insinuated, as did his counsel, that the bullet he received in Milwaukee might have been due to the Newett publication. He repeated several times the description of his abstemiousness. His counsel had him go over time and again his caution in handling drink.

Mr. Pound stood to the rear of the jury, so that in facing him the colonel faced the jurors. His ignorance of the ways of wicked drinkers was displayed when he was asked, "Colonel how many bottles are there in a case of champagne?"

"I don't know."

"Are there eight or ten?"

"I could not tell. I don't know a thing about it."

Colonel Roosevelt told of his early political career, his ranch experiences and his war and presidential history so far as they related to drink. Then his counsel introduced the alleged libel.

The entire article was read to the jury. When the sentence "Roosevelt is a gretty good liar himself" was read there was a titter around the room, and Judge Flannigan threatened the audience with expulsion.

COL. ROOSEVELT'S STATE- MENTS AS TO HIS DRINK- ING HABITS.

I have never drunk a cocktail or a highball in my life.

I don't smoke, and I don't drink beer.

I never have drunk whisky or brandy except when the doctor prescribed it or possibly on some occasion after great exposure.

The only wines that I have drunk have been white wines, Madeira, champagne or occasionally a glass of sherry.

At public dinners I sometimes drink a glass of champagne or perhaps two.

At home I often at dinner will drink a wineglass or two wine-glasses of Madeira.

Mint juleps I very rarely drink. Since I left the White House, four years ago, to the best of my memory I have drunk mint juleps twice.

During the last fourteen years I do not think I have drunk whisky straight or with water more than half a dozen times.

As for brandy, I never drink it any more than I do whisky when I am at home or on a hunting trip, but on very hard campaign trips I have frequently just before going to bed drunk one or two goblets of milk with a teaspoonful of brandy to the goblet.

I never made a practice of drinking at a bar, and I don't believe that I have drunk at a bar for twenty odd years.

I never in my life, while in the White House or anywhere else, have ever left a room for the purpose of getting a drink between meals.

Since I have been of age I have never under any circumstances been in even the smallest degree under the influence of liquor.

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Tells of Shooting.

"When did you first see that article?" asked Pound.

"I think it was after I was shot and was in Mercy hospital in Chicago," said the colonel, rather grimly.

"Where were you shot—I mean the city in which you were shot?" inquired his counsel.

The defense entered objections, asserting that the shooting had nothing to do with the case, but the judge allowed the colonel to proceed.

"I was shot in Milwaukee, and I was taken to Chicago. I think I saw this article when I was in the hospital."

"You are now fifty-four years of age," continued Mr. Pound. "How often have you been drunk in your life?"

"I have never been drunk or in the slightest degree under the influence of liquor," was the reply.

"What use do you make of spirituous or malt liquors?"

"I do not drink beer, porter, ale or anything of that kind. I do not like beer. I do not drink either whisky or brandy except under the orders of a doctor. I never drank a highball or a cocktail in my life. I have drunk some mint juleps. There was a bed of mint in the White House yard, but I don't think I drank more than a dozen juleps in the whole time I was in the White House."

"Did you drink them all at once, or were they distributed?"

"No, indeed, not all at once; just a few in a year—not over twelve in the whole seven years I was in the White House. I can only remember drinking two since—one at the Country club in St. Louis and another in the Arkansas club in Little Rock, when a loving cup was passed around."

"In thirty-four years I might have taken two in succession, but I do not recall it. I do drink a glass or two of light wines—white wines, for I do not like red wines. At a public dinner I might take a glass or two of champagne."

"At the White House there are innumerable state dinners and cabinet dinners. At these champagne is served. I may have taken a glass of champagne on such occasion. I never take brandy or whisky except, as I have described, under the direction of a doctor."

WIRELESS FOR WHOLE NATION

Necessity For System Often
Demonstrated.

PLANS BEING CONSIDERED.

Several Officials, Among Them the Chief Signal Officer of the Army, See Advantages to Be Derived From High Power, Long Distance Radio Telegraph Service Covering Country.

It is now practically certain that the federal government will install a network of high power wireless aerogram station covering the whole United States, says the Chicago Tribune.

Necessity for wireless service in cases where telegraph communication is impossible was demonstrated four years ago on the day of President Taft's inauguration and emphasized strongly more recently by the cutting off of the Ohio flooded districts from communication with the outside world.

The Omaha cyclone, which put the telegraph lines out of business, also demonstrated the need of wireless stations for just such emergencies.

It was therefore suggested that the government take steps to cover the entire United States with adequate wireless service. Besides its value for government service, such a system would be of untold usefulness in affording information and hastening the sending of relief supplies to the scene of any great disaster.

This suggestion has met with general approval from government officials and members of congress.

The chief signal officer of the army is at present discussing a scheme for providing large radio telegraphic stations in the interior of the country for the purpose of maintaining transcontinental communication.

Use In Emergencies.

It is proposed that these stations be erected by and be placed under the control of the war department. These stations are to be used mainly for governmental business, but of course it could be provided that they could handle urgent commercial business in times of general breakdown of wire telegraphic systems.

In discussing this project Major Edgar Russell of the signal corps said:

"It is probable that two stations, one of which could be somewhere east of the Mississippi river and north of the Ohio, the other to be in the Rocky mountain region, would insure radio telegraphic communication under practically all conditions if they were given sufficient power and were solidly constructed. Such stations, including the land, buildings and necessary machinery, have been estimated to cost in the neighborhood of \$300,000 each.

"In addition to these two large stations a number of smaller stations could be provided for maintaining local communication, and on account of the shorter distances to be covered between these local stations and the large stations mentioned they could be considerably smaller and much less expensive. While it is a little premature to state the exact cost of each of these, it would probably amount to \$100,000 each. If such stations were put up at various important centers the cost of these and the large stations would reach something near \$2,000,000.

"The advance in the art of radio telegraphy is such that communication could be maintained between these stations with great certainty, and they no doubt would serve a valuable purpose in case of general interruption of wire telegraph systems, as has occurred in great storms and floods in recent years."

Chain Across Continent.

Major C. McK. Saltzman of the signal corps also expressed his hearty approval of an extension of wireless service to cover the whole nation.

"The recent disasters in the middle west," he said, "have brought to the notice of all telegraph people the necessity for a chain of radio stations in the interior of the country which could be depended upon in time of disaster to insure communication."

"My idea is that a central system of stations should consist of Washington, Cincinnati, Kansas City, Denver, Salt Lake City and San Francisco. There are two northern stations, St. Paul and Helena, and three southern stations, New Orleans, San Antonio and Phoenix.

"The signal corps of the United States army maintains and operates government radio stations in the interior of the United States. The navy operates the stations along the sea-coast.

"The signal corps has developed a chain of big stations in the interior of Alaska for the purpose of insuring communication across Alaska when forest fires and snowdrifts put the telegraph lines out of business."

"Based on my knowledge of the Alaskan system, I should say the Tribune project is an excellent one. I believe if the matter were properly set forth congress would be glad to appropriate money for building such a chain of high power stations."

"If such a system of stations were built by the government it would be a great incentive to the national guard, to amateurs, newspapers and commercial concerns to build smaller stations to communicate with the higher power stations of the government."



Photos by American Press Association.
OFFICE OF THE ISHPERING IRON ORE, EDITOR NEWETT (LEFT) AND HIS CHIEF ATTORNEY, W. A. BELDEN.

show it to us. We were stationed there to keep the soldiers from getting into the city and getting drunk."

"If you were to say," replied the colonel, "that you stopped me because you saw I was riding into Santiago to get a drink you would prove the most valuable witness that the defense here could produce."

The drawing power of the colonel brought out a large attendance. The balconies of the court were crowded with young women, many wearing moose buttons, and members of the bar from all over the country, accompanied by their wives, surrounded the tables reserved for counsel. Admission was by ticket, so that several hundred were turned away.

A Dignified Audience.

The evidence was sometimes amusing, and a less dignified city audience would have been fined en masse for contempt of court for its laughter. But serious curiosity was the trait of the Marquette gathering.

In cheerful manner the colonel's counsel pictured the hero, his great feats of horsemanship, his hunting exploits, his African expedition, which Mr. Pound said "was undertaken for the benefit of humanity and the Smithsonian institute," and his quick recovery after receiving the assassin's bullet. All these things were brought out to show that a man addicted to liquor could not do these wonderful feats.

The Argyle Case

A Novelization by J. W. McConaughy of the Successful New Play by Harriet Ford, Harvey J. O'Higgins and Detective William J. Burns, In Which Robert Hilliard Is Appearing :: ::

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CHAPTER III. Finger Prints.

FINLEY followed the two detectives into the somber room and eyed them suspiciously as their glances traveled slowly about, taking in every detail of arrangement and furnishings. The general scheme of the room was dark and polished oak, and since it was lighted from only one of the four sides, as is common in the homes of even the wealthiest in New York, there was always a half gloom that would be restful under ordinary circumstances, but now uncanny. In the decorations and other fittings the plan seemed to have been rather to deepen than lighten this effect. Tables, chairs, desks—all were dark and massive. The upholstery was a tawny yellow that added the appearance of great age. Andirons and other bronzes were dulled and heavy, and the few pictures—two or three Barbizon landscapes—rang true to the tenor of the great room in their dull gold frames. There was one note of rich color where the reflected light of the day outside shone through the stained glass armorial bearings in the windows, and this only accentuated the depressing effect.

Kayton and his assistant, a boyish young fellow of about twenty-five, took in all of this in a brief but trained scrutiny. Kayton walked to one of the windows, opened it and leaned out far enough to see that the other commanded only the same view. Young Manning continued to gaze about. Finley remained aloof and suspicious in the background. He was waiting for the detectives to get to work. He did not understand that they were already hard at it. He grew more and more suspicious and contemptuous as the morning went on, for he could not see that the so called great detective did anything more, or even as much, as the regular force that had already been over the ground.

And in a way he was correct. It is not what he learns, but the use he makes of what he learns that distinguishes the great artist in detection from the common bungler. By reasoning clearly and unswervingly from the same premises he reaches conclusions that shock the public and the jury that has preceded him on the work, simply because the latter has not had the common sense to drift with the never misleading current of logic. By this unpretentious application of common sense, this faith in the correctness of simple reasoning, successful defenders of society have been given credit for much spurious profundity, which they are the first to disclaim. When they deny that there is anything wonderful about it we murmur that modesty and greatness ever walk hand in hand. It is not modesty. It is the truth.

Before Kayton had organized his own agency he had been assigned as a government operative to run down an issue of counterfeit bills of large denominations. He made no brilliant strokes—no spectacular coups of reasoning

But Kayton didn't. He knew that he had followed the one trail, and he continued to follow until, when they were arrested, the two officials confessed. He had only adhered to the axiom that nothing which is logical is impossible. If the evidence pointed that way he would investigate an archbishop with as little hesitation as he would an arch forger.

This was the man that old Finley regarded so sourly as he gazed out into the garden off the library windows and surveyed the rear elevations of the neighboring houses. Manning addressed the old butler first.

"I suppose the police from headquarters have been over everything. Is this the way the furniture was found?"

"One chair was lying on its back," grudgingly replied the butler. Manning thought swiftly.

"H'm! I wonder how that happened," he murmured.

"If you knew that and had your supper you could go to bed," growled the old servant. Manning grinned.

"You're Irish, eh?"

Kayton came back from the window and appraised the stubborn old man quickly and silently.

"You're a great detective, Joe," he said grimly. Then he addressed Finley with studied courtesy.

"Can you put that chair the way it was?"

"I cannot," responded the old man promptly.

"The body was lying on its side, was it?" pursued Kayton calmly.

"That's as maybe," grunted Finley. Manning was unable to restrain him-

self at this cavalier treatment of his revered chief.

"Say, you better open up!" he snarled. "You may be hanged on this case yourself yet!"

The butler snorted contemptuously.

"I'll tell you me wits then," he retorted, moving toward the door.

"You'll be needin' 'em."

"What's his name?" demanded Kayton in a whisper.

"Finley," replied Manning in the same guarded tone. Kayton raised his voice.

"Joe, get Mr. Finley in here," he commanded. "He's the man that can help us."

"Why, he's Finley," replied Manning. The old servant stopped and turned. Kayton approached him eagerly.

"Are you Mr. Finley?" he demanded. That personage smiled his chest.

"I am," he declared importantly.

"Well! Why didn't you tell us that at first?" Kayton's tone was a marvel of cordiality and reproach. "I understand your confidential relations with the household and with Mr. Argyle, and young Mr. Argyle tells me that you're in a position to be of the greatest assistance to us."

The old butler's face told of a struggle between completely gratified vanity and general indignation over the whole situation. His next remark was a mixture of the two.

"Well, sir, I can tell you this," he declared. "I lay no great store by detectives."

"You're quite right," agreed Kayton in hearty sympathy.

"A class of men with so little intelligence that they would put suspicion on Miss Mary?" went on Finley indignantly, at the same time subtly making it clear that he excluded Kayton from the general condemnation. "They're beyond the assistance of any honest man."

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"Well, Mr. Finley," said Kayton soothingly, "that's the very reason we're here. Now tell us the facts as you know them. You found the body?"

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"Who's Andy?" interrupted Kayton.

"Dan Scully's boy," replied Finley.

"Him that?"

"How long's he been here?"

"Time out o' mind, nearly as long as myself."

"What does he do?"

"He makes himself useful when I tell him. He's a simple soul," added the old man in the manner of one speaking of the feeble minded.

"Send for him," said Kayton curtly. Old Finley promptly rang the bell.

"Who else was in the house?" went on the detective. Finley wrinkled his forehead and ticked off the inmates on his fingers.

"Myself, Miss Mary, the girl, Kitty, Topp, the footman and the cook," he replied. "Mrs. Wyatt was away. Mr. Bruce, Mr. Argyle's son, was here for dinner that night and went away early."

"Did you see him go?" asked Kayton swiftly, with a keen glance at the old man's face.

"I did not. By 11 o'clock I made fast for the night, with Mr. Argyle sittin' here and Miss Mary in her chamber. And how they got in that did this that's the thing for you to learn, sir. But when they done it they went out that door, for I found the small chain off, and the bolt drawn in the morning. And let me tell you this, sir," went on Finley, his indignation rising again. "There's nothin' but wickedness in this doubt o' Miss Mary. There's things in nature and things that are not—Andy, come in here!"

A tall, shambling young man, with a highly nervous manner, clad in the blue denim of the workman, who had appeared at the hall door while Finley was talking, shuffled reluctantly forward in obedience to the command, smoothing down his stringy black hair with both hands as he advanced. Kayton glanced at him, but continued to address the butler.

"Did Andy come first to you?"

"He did," nodded Finley. "And it was me that roused Miss Mary. When we found he was dead she got Mr. Bruce and the doctors here straight away, and they got the police, and from that it began—trouble without end. Reporters besiege us and no man above suspicion—and slanders in the papers on all of us, with photographs of this and that and pictures out of their own fancy, and the public in its innocence perverted."

"Did you hear anything in the night?" Kayton broke in abruptly, addressing the newcomer. Andy gazed apprehensively about the room and shook his head.

"Trust him to hear anything," put in Finley.

"What time did you go to bed?" went on Kayton.

Andy fidgeted and looked appealingly at his master.

"He don't know, sir," Finley explained. "He don't live by the clock. He goes to bed by habit and gets up by habit."

Kayton shrugged his shoulders slightly and turned to the old butler again.

"Suppose you two arrange this furniture the way you found it that morning."

But it was the old butler who did it. Andy followed him about in apparent willingness to help, but the atmosphere of the room seemed to have a benumbing effect on his muscles.

Finley solemnly, with many pauses for reflection, moved the chairs out of the military order and pushed them about the floor, overturning one near the table. Andy zealously avoided that particular spot.

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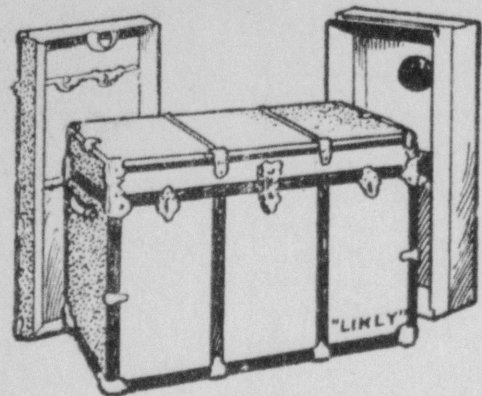
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You may have \$1,000 in cash on hand, or you may have less. There are many ways in which you can invest this. You could buy an automobile with it, but if this is all the available resources you have, a wiser thing to do would be to invest it in land.

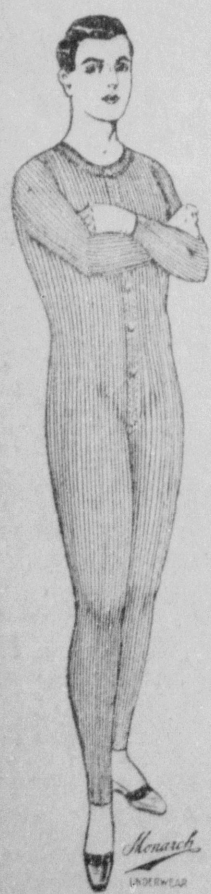
There are many opportunities to do this but the best place is in a growing and prosperous community, such as we have in the City of Seymour. Buy good vacant ground, either business or residence, in this locality, and in a few years, at most, the increase in value on your purchase will buy an automobile and you will have the \$1,000 left.

The great New York fortunes are based on land. The "unearned increment" made the Astors and the Goulds and the Vanderbilts and scores of other great fortunes.

You may not hope to amass as much as these financial giants but you can definitely count on having a comfortable sum in a few years by buying wisely. If you cannot buy a large tract, buy a good town lot in a good part of the city. Do not buy because it is cheap but because there is value and where the property has a future. Buy in the direction of the growth of the city and you will be rewarded. Land is getting more and more in demand. If you have not now a home, make a start by purchasing a good lot and you will consider yourself fortunate in a few years.

Buy good residence lots in the new Westover Addition to Seymour. Turn them over and buy more lots or land. You cannot lose if you operate carefully.

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Balbriggan, Lisle, Mercerized Cotton, Mesh Underwear.

Some handsome tints and stripes.

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25c up to 50c or \$1.00 a garment.

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WANTED—Lady or gentleman of fair education, living in or outside of Seymour, to do home work or travel. Salary \$15 to \$18 per week and expenses. Address W. T. Alexander, Seymour, Ind., Gen'l Delivery.

WANTED—Girl at Domestic Laundry. m29dtf

FOR SALE—Five room house, corner of Vine and Centennial also three room house near same location. Inquire at Fred Baurle's, 214 High street. j3d

FOR SALE—Walnut wardrobe. Inquire 524 North Walnut. j4d

FOR SALE—Cherries. E. H. Hancock. Phone 194. j3d

FOR RENT—Five room cottage, 211 East Street. Inquire 211 South Chestnut street. Phone 350. j7d

FOR RENT—Complete camping outfit with tents and boat. Inquire Brumow's Cigar Store. je18d

FOR RENT—5 room house with gas. Phone 318. West Fourth St. m26dtf

FOR RENT—5 room house. East 4th Street. Inquire Bee Hive. mtf

FOR RENT—8 room house on West Second. Inquire here. j7d

SEYMOUR MARKET.

Wheat, per bu. \$.98
Corn55
Shelled oats, per bu.33
Straw, wheat, ton. 7.00
Straw, oats, ton. 7.00
Hay, timothy, loose. \$9@ \$11
Hay, timothy, baled. \$12.00
Hay, clover, ton. \$7@ \$9

POULTRY.

Hens, per pound. 12 1/2c
Springs, 1 to 1 1/2 lbs. 20c
Guineas, apiece 25c
Ducks, per pound 9c
Geese, per pound 6c
Old roosters, per pound 7c
Turkeys, per pound 16c
Old Toms, per pound. 11c
Pigeons, per dozen. 75c
Eggs, per dozen. 17c
Packing Butter, per pound 19c

CATTLE.

Butcher cattle. \$6@ \$7.50
Veal calves, per lb. 7c

HOGS.

Top \$7.90@ \$8.10
Light \$7.60@ \$8.25

SHEEP.

Best \$4.50

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Thos. Hays, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

Max. Min.
June 3, 1913 91 58

Weather Indications.

FOR INDIANA—Generally fair to-night and Wednesday, slightly cooler tonight.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

THURSDAY CLUB.

The last meeting of the Tuesday Club, before the summer vacation, was held this afternoon, Mrs. C. H. Williams being hostess at her home on North Walnut street. The Club has had a very profitable year, having discussed English poetry.

The program for the meeting this afternoon was:

Responses Arnold
Edward Fitzgerald and his Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam. Mrs. W. F. Pfaffenberger
Mathew Arnold and his Sohrab and Rostum. Mrs. E. A. Remy
Alfred Austin. Mrs. Harry Smith
Swinburne and his Poetry. Mrs. O. O. Swails

INVITATIONS ISSUED.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Katherine Price and Lewis B. Sebastian Saturday morning, June 7, at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Maria Linder, 3122 Broadway, Indianapolis. Miss Price formerly lived in this city and was graduated from the Shields high school in the class of 1901. She moved to Indianapolis several years ago and is very popular there as she was here among her many friends.

Quite a number of property owners are interested in the plan to have some of the streets oiled and have called a meeting at the city hall tonight at 7:30 o'clock at which time the question will be fully discussed. The council recently agreed to put the oil on the streets free of charge if the property owners would purchase it.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The undersigned have purchased a half interest in twenty acres of land adjoining Seymour on the west and have been preparing and platting it for sale. The tags are now on each lot showing prices and terms, and you are invited to go out at your convenience and inspect the addition.

When our attention was directed to Seymour we came here and drove all around the city and carefully examined every available part that might be suitable for subdivision. We soon saw that the residence part was going westward, and in fact is the only practical way for it to go. We had faith enough in the future of the city to invest a neat sum and have undertaken a special sale of lots in what has been named Westover Addition.

In directing your attention to our new sub-division we wish to remind you of the desirability of Seymour as a place for business and residence purposes. the city is conveniently located as to accessibility for travel and traffic. It is surrounded by a farming country of which there is none better. There are no other points near that are strong competitors, and Seymour is located far enough from the larger cities to insure a good volume of trade from the surrounding territory. Seymour enjoys good schools and churches, fine stores and up-to-date newspapers and print shops and many modern conveniences. There are already hundreds of fine homes with neatly kept lawns. All this makes it a very desirable residence city and one in which property will always be valuable.

With all this in mind we wish to advise the immediate purchase of lots in Westover Addition, either for homes or speculative purposes. This is bound to be a high class section of the city where families can reside in perfect assurance that their neighbors will be on an equal social footing with them.

This will be an addition where the business man, the professional man and the laboring man can live and rear their families in quietude, away from the scenes of business but still convenient to schools and churches.

This new suburb of the city is owned by Mr. C. E. T. Dobbins, Mr. John J. Peter and Messrs. N. C. and C. A. Bainum. For convenience in deeding, the title is held in trust by Mr. H. C. Johnson, president of the Seymour National Bank, who has entered into a contract to receive all payments and make transfers. The title is perfect and free warranty deeds will be given to each purchaser.

We are at your service in showing you these lots now or on the special sale days. Do not delay this matter as we will be able to make you special prices and terms and give you a liberal discount for cash during this sale. See us now at our headquarters or on the premises.

The Bainum Investment Company